• Please check that this question paper contains 8 printed pages + 2 Maps.
• Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
• Please check that this question paper contains 30 questions.
• Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
• 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

संकलित परीक्षा – II  
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – II  
सामाजिक विज्ञान  
SOCIAL SCIENCE  

निर्धारित समय : 3 प्रश्ने  
Time allowed : 3 hours  

अधिकतम अंक : 90  
Maximum Marks : 90  

32/2  1  [P.T.O.]
General Instructions :

(i) The question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
(ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
(iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are Very Short Answer Questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Answer to these should not exceed 30 words.
(iv) Questions from serial number 9 to 20 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
(v) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 5 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
(vi) Question number 29 and 30 are map questions of 3 marks each from History and Geography both. After completion, attach the maps inside your answer-book.
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**Solved CBSE Sample Papers for Class 10 Social Science 2019**

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- [Solved Social Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 3](#)
- [Solved Social Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 4](#)
- [Solved Social Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 5](#)
1. How was the ideology of Nepalese Communist party different from others?

2. Who implemented the ‘Civil Code’ of 1804 in France?

   OR

   Who formed the ‘Revolutionary Society’ in Vietnam?

3. If your father wants to purchase Golden Jewellery from the market, which logo of quality you suggest him to see on Jewellery?

4. Which type of minerals are mainly obtained from veins and lodes?

5. Explain the meaning of ‘Political Party’.

6. Explain the meaning of ‘alliance’.

7. What can be the alternative mode of payment in place of cash money?

8. Define the term ‘Liberalisation’.
9. ‘असहयोग आंदोलन’ शहरों में धीरे-धीरे मंद क्यों पड़ने लगा ? स्पष्ट कीजिए।

Why did the Non-Co-operation Movement gradually slow down in the cities? Explain.

10. इटली के एकीकरण की प्रक्रिया का वर्णन कीजिए।

अथवा

वियतनाम में राष्ट्रवाद की भावनाओं को फैलाने में हो-चि-मिन्ह की भूमिका का वर्णन कीजिए।

Describe the process of Unification of Italy.

OR

Describe the role of Ho-Chi-Minh in spreading the feelings of nationalism in Vietnam.

11. “जब सबनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन शुरु हुआ तब समुदायों के बीच संदेह और अविरेक्ष का बातावरण था।” कथन की पुष्टि कीजिए।

“When the Civil Disobedience Movement started there was an atmosphere of suspicion and distrust between communities.” Support the statement.

12. भारत के लिए सीमान्त सड़कों की महत्ता को स्पष्ट कीजिए।

Explain the importance of ‘Border Roads’ for India.

13. “वैश्विकीकरण उपभोक्ताओं के साथ-साथ उत्पादकों के लिए भी लाभकारी रहा है।” इस कथन की पुष्टि उपयुक्त उदाहरणों सहित कीजिए।

“Globalisation has been advantageous to consumers as well as to producers.” Support the statement with suitable examples.

14. लोकतंत्र को मजबूत करने में कौन से मूल्य सहायक हो सकते हैं? अपने विचार स्पष्ट कीजिए।

Which values can help to strengthen democracy? Explain your views.

15. भारत में मूली बख्त उद्योग के समक्ष उपस्थित किनहीं तीन प्रमुख समस्याओं का वर्णन कीजिए।

3 x 1 = 3

Describe any three major problems faced by the Cotton textile industry in India.
16. निर्धारों के लिए ‘स्वयं सहायता समूहों’ की भूमिका स्पष्ट कीजिए।
Explain the role of ‘Self Help Groups’ for the poor.

17. ‘वैश्विकीकरण के प्रभाव एकसमान नहीं हैं।’ कथन को न्यायसंगत ठहराइए।
‘The impact of globalization is not Uniform’. Justify the statement.

18. औद्योगिक प्रदूषण को कम करने हेतु कोई तीन उपाय सुझाइए।
Suggest any three measures to reduce industrial pollution.

19. खनिजों के प्राप्त होने के किन्हीं तीन रूपों का वर्णन कीजिए।
Describe any three forms of occurrence of minerals.

20. “प्राकृतिक गैस ऊर्जा का एक महत्वपूर्ण साधन है।” कथन की पुष्टि कीजिए।
“Natural gas is an important source of energy.” Support the statement.

21. “भारत में इतिहास व साहित्य, लोक गाथाएं व गीत, लोकप्रिय चित्र व प्रतीक, सभी ने राष्ट्रवाद को साकार करने में अपना योगदान दिया।” इस कथन की पुष्टि कीजिए।
“History and fiction, folklore and songs, popular prints and symbols, all played a part in the making of nationalism in India.” Support the statement.

22. लोकतंत्र की किन्हीं पाँच विशेषताओं का वर्णन कीजिए।
Describe any five features of democracy.

23. “किसी देश की आर्थिक उन्नति बिनिमाण्ड उद्योगों के विकास से मापी जाती है।” इस कथन का विश्लेषण कीजिए।
“The economic strength of a country is measured by the development of manufacturing industries.” Analyse the statement.
24. Compare the popular struggles of Nepal and Bolivia.

25. Explain any five reforms introduced by Napoleon in the regions under his control.

OR


26. Describe any five functions of political parties.

27. How do banks play an important role in the economy of India? Explain.

28. Explain the importance of ‘International trade’.

29. Three letters A, B and C stand for three facts in the political and social life of India. These are: (A) The capital of India, (B) The name of a social reformer, and (C) The prime minister of India. Select your answer from the options provided: (A) New Delhi, (B) Mahatma Gandhi, and (C) Jawaharlal Nehru.

(A) 3 × 1 = 3
Three features A, B and C are marked on the given political outline map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map.

(A) The city associated with the Jallianwala Bagh incident.

(B) The place associated with Indigo peasant’s Satyagraha.

(C) The place where the Indian National Congress Session was held.

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 29:

(29.1) Name the city related to Jallianwala Bagh incident.

(29.2) Name the place where the Indigo planters organized Satyagraha.

(29.3) Name the place where the Indian National Congress Session was held in 1927.

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 29:

(i) Sea port - Haldia

(ii) Nuclear power station - Kaiga

(iii) Software Technology Park - Mohali

On the political outline map of India, locate and label the following features with appropriate symbols:

(i) Sea port - Haldia

(ii) Nuclear power station - Kaiga

(iii) Software Technology Park - Mohali
Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 30:

(30.1) Name the major sea port which was developed to relieve growing pressure on the Kolkata port.

(30.2) In which state is Kaiga Nuclear Power Plant located?

(30.3) Name the Software Technology Park located in Punjab.
Map for Q. No. 29

Outline Map of India (Political)
Map for Q. No. 30

Outline Map of India (Political)
NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science History: India and the Contemporary World-II

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- Chapter 2 The Nationalist Movement in Indo-China
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NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Civics (Political Science): Democratic Politics-II

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NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Economics:
Understanding Economic Development – II

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NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Disaster Management

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